

EUMETSAT DATA POLICY

Last amended on 01 Jul 2022

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INTRODUCTION

Applicable from 01 Jan 2019 until today

This Chapter presents the EUMETSAT Data Policy, describing the satellite data and products offered by EUMETSAT to users and establishing the principles and rules on access to these data and products.

The Data Policy is based on the EUMETSAT Principles on Data Policy as laid down in Council Resolution EUM/C/98/Res. IV and amended in Council Resolution EUM/C/57/05/Res. III. These Principles are generic and apply to all present and future EUMETSAT systems.

On the basis of these Principles, detailed rules have been established for:

- Meteosat Data and Products including IODC Data;
- Meteosat DCP Channels;
- SAF Deliverables;
- Operational SAF Deliverables;
- Metop Data and products;
- Jason-2, Jason-3 and Jason-CS.

The Implementing Rules for Meteosat Data and Products, including various annexes, and the Data Policy for SAF Deliverables have been adopted in Council Resolutions. The content of those Resolutions is presented here for the convenience of users. However, a complete set of all Resolutions is also available on the EUMETSAT website. In order to avoid confusion, references to particular annexes of the Resolutions have been inserted.

The detailed rules for IODC Data, Operational SAF Deliverables and the Data Policy for Metop Data and Products were decided by Council on the basis of detailed documents and are not contained in Resolutions.

The EUMETSAT Data Policy and its various elements are also available on the EUMETSAT website at www.eumetsat.int.

EUMETSAT PRINCIPLES ON DATA POLICY

Applicable from 01 Jan 2020 until today

(as adopted in Resolution EUM/C/98/Res. IV at the 38th meeting of the EUMETSAT Council on 1-3 July 1998, as amended by Resolutions EUM/C/57/05/Res. III and EUM/C/72/11/Res. VIII)

The EUMETSAT Member States,

RECALLING the EUMETSAT Principles on Distribution and Charging as defined by the EUMETSAT Council in Resolution EUM/C/Res. VII, as amended by Resolutions EUM/C/Res. XXI and EUM/C/Res. XXVI,

RECALLING that EUMETSAT holds full ownership and all Intellectual Property and utilisation rights to the EUMETSAT meteorological satellites and their data,

RECALLING Resolutions EUM/C/94/Res. I, EUM/C/94/Res. IV, EUM/C/95/Res. V and EUM/C/96/Res. IV, as amended by Resolution EUM/C/97/Res. VIII, establishing Conditions of Access to Real Time EUMETSAT HRI Data Within and Outside the EUMETSAT Member States,

BEARING IN MIND that EUMETSAT's meteorological satellites represent an important contribution to the World Weather Watch of the World Meteorological Organization (WMO),

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the WMO Policy and Practice for the Exchange of Meteorological and Related Data and Products including Guidelines on Relationships in Commercial Meteorological Activities, as laid down in WMO Resolution 40 (Cg XII),

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT the long-standing close cooperation between EUMETSAT and the European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts (ECMWF),

RECOGNISING the increased interest in the commercial use of satellite data, products and services,

BEARING IN MIND the need to preserve the benefits of EUMETSAT membership,

RECOGNISING the need to consolidate the various elements of the EUMETSAT Data Policy as currently contained in the Resolutions listed above and in other decisions of the EUMETSAT Council,

WISHING to abolish such Council Resolutions and Council decisions and to introduce a comprehensive EUMETSAT Data Policy as contained in these Principles and the attached Implementing Rules,

AGREE THAT:

- I** The National Meteorological Services (“NMSs”) of the Member States will receive all EUMETSAT data, products and services for their Official Duty use at no cost except for the cost of decryption key units. Official Duty is defined as all activities which take place within the organisation of a NMS and external activities of a NMS resulting from legal, governmental or intergovernmental requirements relating to defence, civil aviation and the safety of life and property.
- II** The NMSs of the Member States shall act as Licensing Agents on behalf and for the account of EUMETSAT for the purpose of granting access to real-time data to users, receiving the data within their respective national territories. In doing so, the NMSs will apply the EUMETSAT fees and conditions, agreed by the EUMETSAT Council. The NMSs of Member States may delegate to EUMETSAT the granting of access to real-time data for users within their respective territories.
- III** Regarding their commercial activities, the NMSs of the Member States shall be treated in an equivalent way to Service Providers by EUMETSAT and its Exclusive Licensing Agents.
- IV** A set of data, products and services to be determined by Council will be available on a free and unrestricted basis as “Essential” data and products in accordance with WMO Resolution 40 (Cg XII).
- V** A further set of data and products to be determined by Council will be made available to NMSs of non-Member States Without Charge for their Official Duty use.
- VI** A set of data, products and services to be determined by Council will be available Without Charge for Research Projects and Educational Use.
- VII** ECMWF will have access Without Charge to all data, products and services for its own use in support of its mission as defined in the ECMWF Convention.
- VIII** All other users may receive sets of data, products and services under conditions defined by Council. These conditions may involve the payment of fees. Council may waive such fees on a case by case basis for specific applications.
- IX** EUMETSAT is responsible for granting access to real-time data to international organisations, NMSs of non-Member States and to other users operating outside Member States. This access is given in accordance with the EUMETSAT fees and conditions agreed by Council.
- X** Furthermore EUMETSAT is responsible for granting access to the EUMETSAT Archived Data and Products, the telecommunication channels of EUMETSAT satellites, the derived products from the EUMETSAT ground segment and EUMETSAT developed software. This access is given in accordance with the EUMETSAT fees and conditions agreed by Council.
- XI** All efforts shall be undertaken to protect EUMETSAT's data, products and services against unauthorised use. Wherever necessary, methods of technical protection of data will be used by EUMETSAT and its Exclusive Licensing Agents.
- XII** The implementation of these Principles and the Catalogue of EUMETSAT data, products and services to which these Principles apply are laid down in implementing rules attached to these Principles as annexes (page 11 below). The annexes may be amended separately from the above Principles by Council.

IMPLEMENTING RULES FOR METEOSAT DATA AND PRODUCTS

(originally adopted as Annex I of Resolutions EUM/C/98/Res. IV and EUM/C/99/Res. VI, amended in Annex I of Resolutions EUM/C/70/10/Res. III, EUM/C/80/14/Res. IV, EUM/C/85/16/Res. II, as well as by EUM/C/87/17/Res. II, EUM/C/89/18/Res. II, EUM/C/91/19/Res. I, EUM/C/92/19/DOC/23, EUM/C/97/21/RES/II and EUM/C/101/22/RES/I)

1 THE METEOSAT CATALOGUE

For the purpose of distribution, dissemination and commercial application, a list of data, products and services is contained in the Meteosat Catalogue as displayed in the EUMETSAT Product Navigator and the EO Portal on the website at www.eumetsat.int.

2 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of these Implementing Rules, the following definitions shall apply:

"Advanced Image Product": the combination of different channels allocating a colour to each channel (i.e. RGB) or the mathematical blending of several image layers. These products do not contain the original numerical data.

"Archived Data and Products": Meteosat Data, Advanced Image Products and Derived Products from EUMETSAT's satellites stored in any format in EUMETSAT's data archive system.

"Broadcasters": those users who disseminate an item from the Meteosat Catalogue or images based on Meteosat Data through electronic public information systems including, but not limited to, Internet, terrestrial and satellite transmissions.

"Educational Use": any use of an item from the Meteosat Catalogue solely for educational non-commercial purposes, without transmission or redistribution of these data, products and services to any further third party, or use of them to generate a Value Added Service.

"End Users": those users who use an item from the Meteosat Catalogue for their own commercial or industrial purposes and do not pass on such item to any further user or use it to generate a Value Added Service.

"Essential Data and Products": EUMETSAT Data and Products which are declared "Essential" in accordance with WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII), as agreed by Council regardless of when and how these are made available to the user.

"Exclusive Licensing Agent": a NMS of a Member State exclusively representing EUMETSAT within that State for the purpose of licensing Meteosat Data.

"Hourly Meteosat Data": those nominal full disk repeat cycles of Meteosat Data referenced by EUMETSAT in time to each clock hour (UTC).

"High Rate SEVIRI Data": high rate image data from the SEVIRI instrument of a Meteosat Second Generation satellite, processed to level 1.5 by the EUMETSAT Ground Segment.

"HRI Data": high resolution image data generated by a Meteosat First Generation satellite.

"Latency": the difference between the time reference attached by EUMETSAT to Meteosat Data or Product and its availability for user access under a given service.

"Member States": the States which are parties to the Convention for the Establishment of a European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites.

"Meteosat Catalogue": the list of Meteosat Data, Products and Services provided in the EO Portal and the EUMETSAT Product Navigator.

"Meteosat Data": all HRI Data and High Rate SEVIRI Data generated by the Meteosat First and Second Generation satellites.

"Meteosat Derived Products": products derived from level 1.5 Meteosat Data and disseminated to users in formats corresponding to WMO coding requirements that represent full spatial coverage. This includes products generated by the EUMETSAT ground segment and the EUMETSAT Satellite Application Facilities (SAFs).

"National Territory": the national territory of a state, including its internal waters, its archipelagic waters, its territorial sea and its exclusive economic zone, as defined in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) signed in Montego Bay on 10 December 1982 and having entered into force on 16 November 1994.

"NMS" (National Meteorological Service): service responsible at national level, in conformity with its legal status, for the gathering, classification and production of meteorological information in the national interest, and responsible at international level for participating in WMO programmes.

"Official Duty": all activities which take place within the organisation of a NMS and external activities of a NMS resulting from legal, governmental or intergovernmental requirements relating to defence, civil aviation and the safety of life and property.

"Personal Use": any use of an item from the Meteosat Catalogue solely for personal non-commercial purposes, without transmission or redistribution of these data, products and services to any further third party, or use of them to generate a Value Added Service.

"Rapid Scanning Data": those Meteosat Data acquired by scanning of a certain geographical area within the footprint of a Meteosat satellite in more frequent time intervals than the nominal full disk repeat cycles.

"Research Project": any time-bound project organised for non-commercial research purposes only. A necessary condition for the recognition of non-commercial purposes is that all the results obtained are openly available at delivery costs only, without any delay linked to commercial objectives, and that the research itself is submitted for open publication.

"Service Providers": those users who acquire an item from the Meteosat Catalogue in order to supply Value Added Services under specific licence conditions to a third party clearly identified and known to the Service Provider.

"Standard Licence Agreement": the standard terms and conditions pursuant to which items in the Meteosat Catalogue must be licensed to users.

"Subsidiary": a company which is controlled directly by the Licensee by means of the Licensee holding the majority of the voting rights (50% plus one vote).

"Third Party": any party external to a licence agreement between EUMETSAT or one of its Exclusive Licensing Agents and a user.

"Value Added Services (VAS)": all meteorological services which are derived from Meteosat data or products, specifically conceived for the needs of users and made available under specific licence conditions.

"Web Map Service": a EUMETSAT Internet service that makes certain Meteosat Data, Advanced Image Products and Meteosat Derived Products defined in the Meteosat Catalogue accessible for visualisation via the Internet, but with no provision of access to original numerical data.

"Without Charge": at no more than the cost of reproduction and delivery (including the cost of distribution media, documentation, software licences, transmission and direct labour cost), but without charge for the data and products themselves.

3 OWNERSHIP AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

- 1 EUMETSAT holds the full ownership and Intellectual Property Rights to the Meteosat Data and Products.
- 2 The Intellectual Property Rights to images based on Meteosat Data are shared between EUMETSAT and the Service Provider generating the images.
- 3 The Intellectual Property Rights to Value Added Services other than images based on Meteosat Data are considered to be owned by the Service Provider generating the Value Added Service.

4 "ESSENTIAL" METEOSAT DATA AND PRODUCTS

EUMETSAT shall make its Hourly Meteosat Data, all Derived Products and Advance Image Products available to all users world-wide on a free and unrestricted basis, regardless of when and how these are made available to the user, as "Essential" Data and Products in accordance with WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII).

5 LICENSING FOR NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA

- 1 All Meteosat data and products not defined as "Essential" in Rule 4 above are classified as non-Essential.
- 2 The NMSs of Member States, acting as Exclusive Licensing Agents on behalf and for the account of EUMETSAT, shall have the responsibility for licensing non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours to End users, Broadcasters and Service Providers receiving said Data within their respective National Territories.
- 3 Acting as EUMETSAT's Exclusive Licensing Agents, the NMSs shall apply the EUMETSAT fees and conditions defined in Rules 8 and 10 below and shall sign licences applying the EUMETSAT standard licensing conditions with their users. The NMSs shall inform EUMETSAT of the signing of such licences.
- 4 The NMSs shall retain 25% of the fees received and allocate the remaining 75% to EUMETSAT.
- 5 Licensing for access to non-Essential Meteosat Data received outside Member States shall always be through a Standard Licence Agreement between the user and EUMETSAT according to the guidelines detailed in Rules 7, 8, 9 and 10 below.
- 6 EUMETSAT shall be responsible for the licensing of access to non-Essential Meteosat Data accessed via all types of EUMETSAT data access services (e.g.: Archive Data Service, Web Services...).

6 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA BY NMSs OF MEMBER STATES

- 1 It is the prerogative of each Member State to define in its national legislation or policy the scope of Official Duty tasks of its NMS and other Departments within its National Administration, which may include Service Provider and Broadcaster activities. The scope shall respect EUMETSAT's ownership and intellectual property rights as well as the EUMETSAT Principles on Data Policy and the present Rules. Each Member State is responsible for declaring the nationally defined scope to EUMETSAT and the user community.
- 2 The NMSs of Member States will receive non-Essential Meteosat Data for Official Duty use Without Charge.
- 3 The NMSs of Member States may grant access to non-Essential Meteosat Data to other Departments within their respective National Administration and other entities to whom Official Duty tasks have been delegated, insofar as such access is required in the exercise of their respective Official Duty tasks. The arrangements under which the NMSs grant access shall authorise use of the data for Official Duty purposes only, exclude the right of redistribution of the original numerical data to third parties and comply with national legislation and/or policy as well as with these Rules.
- 4 Redistribution of non-Essential original numerical data by the NMSs of Member States to entities other than those mentioned, and for a purpose other than the one foreseen in paragraph 3 above is prohibited.
- 5 NMSs of Member States, other Departments within their respective National Administrations and other entities to whom Member States have delegated tasks that use non-Essential Meteosat Data outside the scope of their Official Duty tasks for commercial activities shall be treated in the same way as Service Providers and Broadcasters in Rule 10.4 below, including the related fees and conditions. Rules 5.3 and 5.4 above shall apply by analogy.

7 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES

- 1 NMSs of non-Member States will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of more than 3 hours Without Charge upon acceptance of terms and conditions. Redistribution of the original numerical data to third parties is prohibited.
- 2 NMSs of non-Member States will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours for Official Duty use in accordance with the conditions specified in Resolution EUM/C/89/18/Res. III.
- 3 NMSs of non-Member States which provide EUMETSAT with equivalent satellite data will be provided data under conditions to be agreed by the EUMETSAT Council on a case by case basis.
- 4 For limited periods, to support the monitoring of disasters or emergencies and in accordance with relevant UN resolutions, the full set of Meteosat Data will be made available Without Charge.
- 5 For Official Duty use by NMSs of non-Member States subject to tropical cyclones, all non-essential Meteosat Data will be made available Without Charge.
- 6 Regarding their commercial activities, the NMSs of non-Member States shall be treated in the same way as Service Providers and Broadcasters, in accordance with the fees and conditions listed in Rule 10.4 below.
- 7 EUMETSAT will inform the NMSs of non-Member States of licences signed with other users receiving non-Essential Meteosat Data within their respective territories.

8 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA BY RESEARCH PROJECTS AND FOR EDUCATIONAL OR PERSONAL USE

Research Projects, Educational Users and Personal Users will have access Without Charge to all non-Essential Meteosat Data. Redistribution of the original numerical data is prohibited. Operational and commercial use, including Broadcasting in any form, of non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours is prohibited.

9 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA BY ECMWF

- 1 ECMWF will have access Without Charge to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of more than 3 hours for any use, subject to non-redistribution of the original numerical data.
- 2 ECMWF will have access Without Charge to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours for its own use in support of its mission, as defined in the ECMWF Convention. This use shall only cover activities carried out within the ECMWF Secretariat and shall not include redistribution of Meteosat Data to third parties, including its Member States.

10 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO NON-ESSENTIAL METEOSAT DATA BY COMMERCIAL USERS AND OTHER USERS

- 1 Commercial and other users will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of more than 3 hours Without Charge. Redistribution of the original numerical data to third parties is prohibited.
- 2 Commercial and other users will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours against the fees and under the conditions specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 below.
- 3 All End Users receiving non-Essential Meteosat Data directly with a latency of less than 3 hours shall be charged an annual flat fee of EUR 4,000. Redistribution of the original numerical data is prohibited.
- 4 Service Providers and Broadcasters licensed for access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours shall be charged an annual flat fee of EUR 8,000. Licences to Service Providers will allow redistribution of Meteosat Data to another Service Provider only if this other Service Provider has the appropriate licence with EUMETSAT or one of its Exclusive Licensing Agents. Otherwise, redistribution of the original numerical data is prohibited.
- 5 Fees will be reviewed by the EUMETSAT Council at regular intervals in light of experience.
- 6 Commercial and other users shall be free to establish prices when supplying Value Added Services to their users and have the right to make their Value Added Services available to users without territorial restriction.

11 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO ARCHIVED DATA AND PRODUCTS

- 1 All users world-wide will have access to Essential Meteosat Data and Products on a free and unrestricted basis, regardless of when and how these are made available to the user, as "Essential" Data and Products in accordance with WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII).
- 2 All users will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data and Products with a latency of more than 3 hours Without Charge for any use and upon acceptance of terms and conditions. Redistribution of the original numerical data is prohibited.
- 3 All users will have access to non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than 3 hours in accordance with the conditions laid down in Rules 6 to 10 above.
- 4 The volume of Archived Data and Products that may be ordered from the EUMETSAT Archive and Retrieval Facility through a single order or through successive orders is limited to avoid an unmanageable load and a consequential degraded level of service.

12 FINANCIAL MATTERS

- 1 All income arising from the implementation of these Implementing Rules shall be included under a separate budget line into the annual EUMETSAT Budget on the basis of an estimate and shall be treated in accordance with the EUMETSAT Financial Rules.
- 2 EUMETSAT shall not be liable for the cost of procuring the necessary receiving equipment of any user. Decryption key units may be provided by EUMETSAT without costs. Users may be required to reimburse EUMETSAT for the cost of providing them with more than one of the decryption key units that may be required for the reception of non-Essential Meteosat Data, at the discretion of the Director-General. The number of decryption key units may be limited to avoid an unmanageable load and a consequential degraded level of service.

**EUMETSAT FEES FOR OFFICIAL DUTY USE (OFD) OF NON-ESSENTIAL
METEOSAT DATA WITH A LATENCY OF LESS THAN THREE HOURS
BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES**

Applicable from 01 Jan 2021 until today

(originally adopted as Annex III of Resolutions EUM/C/98/Res. IV and EUM/C/99/Res. VI and
amended by Resolution EUM/C/93/20/Res. II)

The following table contains the annual fees applicable to NMSs of non-Member States for access to non-Essential Meteosat data with a latency of less than three hours for Official Duty use. This table is valid for the period 2021-2022.

The following applies:

- 1) Official Duty use by NMSs of countries with a GNI per capita below or equal to USD 8,869, derived from World Bank statistics: Without Charge.
- 2) Official Duty use by NMSs of countries with a GNI per capita above USD 8,869: the fees are given in the table below.
- 3) Review Mechanisms:
 - The tables below shall be updated by Council every 2 years on the basis of the latest available World Bank statistics.
 - Should the figures in the table prove to be erroneous or incomplete, the Director-General shall make appropriate recommendations on a case-by-case basis.
 - The “Upper Middle Income” value as defined in the World Bank statistics shall establish the threshold for free access to non-Essential Meteosat data with a latency of less than three hours for Official Duty Use. This threshold shall be updated by Council every 2 years on the basis of the World Bank statistics.

ANNUAL FEES FOR OFFICIAL DUTY USE BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES			
Country	GNI/C	Annual Fee in KEUR for non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than three hours	
		excluding IODC mission data	including IODC mission data
Afghanistan	550	0	0
Albania	4,860	0	0
Algeria	3,920	0	0
Andorra	.. j	100	300
Angola	3,370	0	0
Antigua and Barbuda	15,890	100	300
Argentina	12,390 c	100	300
Armenia	4,230	0	0
Australia	53,230	100	300
Azerbaijan	4,050	0	0
Bahamas	30,520	100	300
Bahrain	21,890	100	300
Bangladesh	1,750	0	0
Barbados	15,410	100	300
Belarus	5,670	0	0
Belize	4,470	0	0
Benin	870	0	0
Bhutan	3,080	0	0
Bolivia	3,370	0	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5,740	0	0
Botswana	7,750	0	0
Brazil	9,140	100	300
British Virgin Islands	.. j	100	300
Brunei Darussalam	29,660	100	300
Burkina Faso	670	0	0
Burundi	280	0	0
Cabo Verde	3,420	0	0
Cambodia	1,390	0	0
Cameroon	1,440	0	0
Canada	44,940	100	300
Cayman Islands	.. j	100	300
Central African Republic	490	0	0
Chad	670	0	0
Chile	14,670	100	300
China	9,460	100	300
Colombia	6,180	0	0
Comoros	1,380	0	0
Congo, Dem. Rep.	490	0	0
Congo, Rep.	1,640	0	0
Costa Rica	11,520	100	300
Côte d'Ivoire	1,600	0	0
Cuba	.. i	0	0
Curaçao and Sint Maarten	19,070	100	300
Cyprus	26,300 a	100	300
Djibouti	3,190	0	0
Dominica	7,090	0	0

ANNUAL FEES FOR OFFICIAL DUTY USE BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES			
Country	GNI/C	Annual Fee in KEUR for non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than three hours	
		excluding IODC mission data	including IODC mission data
Dominican Republic	7,760	0	0
Ecuador	6,110	0	0
Egypt	2,800	0	0
El Salvador	3,820	0	0
Eritrea	.. k	0	0
Eswatini	3,930	0	0
Ethiopia	790	0	0
Fiji	5,860	0	0
French Polynesia	.. j	100	300
Gabon	6,830	0	0
Gambia	710	0	0
Georgia	4,440 e	0	0
Ghana	2,130	0	0
Guatemala	4,400	0	0
Guinea	850	0	0
Guinea-Bissau	750	0	0
Guyana	4,770	0	0
Haiti	800	0	0
Honduras	2,350	0	0
Hong Kong SAR, China	50,300	100	300
India	2,020	0	0
Indonesia	3,840	0	0
Iran	5,470	0	0
Iraq	5,040	0	0
Israel	40,920	100	300
Jamaica	4,970	0	0
Japan	41,310	100	300
Jordan	4,200	0	0
Kazakhstan	8,070	0	0
Kenya	1,620	0	0
Kiribati	3,140	0	0
Korea, Dem. People's Rep.	.. k	0	0
Korea, Rep.	30,600	100	300
Kuwait	34,290	100	300
Kyrgyzstan	1,220	0	0
Lao PDR	2,450	0	0
Lebanon	7,920	0	0
Lesotho	1,390	0	0
Liberia	610	0	0
Libya	6,400	0	0
Macao SAR, China	79,110	100	300
Madagascar	510	0	0
Malawi	360	0	0
Malaysia	10,590	100	300
Maldives	9,280	100	300
Mali	840	0	0

ANNUAL FEES FOR OFFICIAL DUTY USE BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES			
Country	GNI/C	Annual Fee in KEUR for non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than three hours	
		excluding IODC mission data	including IODC mission data
Malta	26,480	100	300
Mauritania	1,160	0	0
Mauritius	12,050	100	300
Mexico	9,180	100	300
Micronesia	3,400	0	0
Moldova	2,980 g	0	0
Monaco	.. j	100	300
Mongolia	3,660	0	0
Montenegro	8,430	0	0
Morocco	3,090 f	0	0
Mozambique	460	0	0
Myanmar	1,310	0	0
Namibia	5,220	0	0
Nauru	12,060	100	300
Nepal	970	0	0
New Caledonia	.. j	100	300
New Zealand	40,640	100	300
Nicaragua	2,030	0	0
Niger	390	0	0
Nigeria	1,960	0	0
North Macedonia	5,450	0	0
Oman	15,140	100	300
Pakistan	1,590	0	0
Panama	14,370	100	300
Papua New Guinea	2,570	0	0
Paraguay	5,670	0	0
Peru	6,470	0	0
Philippines	3,830	0	0
Qatar	61,150	100	300
Russian Federation	10,230 d	100	300
Rwanda	780	0	0
Saint Lucia	9,560	100	300
Samoa	4,020	0	0
São Tomé and Príncipe	1,890	0	0
Saudi Arabia	21,600	100	300
Senegal	1,410	0	0
Serbia	6,390	0	0
Seychelles	15,600	100	300
Sierra Leone	490	0	0
Singapore	58,770	100	300
Solomon Islands	2,020	0	0
Somalia	.. k	0	0
South Africa	5,750	0	0
South Sudan	.. k	0	0
Sri Lanka	4,060	0	0
Sudan	1,560	0	0

ANNUAL FEES FOR OFFICIAL DUTY USE BY NMSs OF NON-MEMBER STATES			
Country	GNI/C	Annual Fee in KEUR for non-Essential Meteosat Data with a latency of less than three hours	
		excluding IODC mission data	including IODC mission data
Suriname	5,210	0	0
Syria	.. l	0	0
Tajikistan	1,010	0	0
Tanzania	1,020 h	0	0
Thailand	6,610	0	0
Timor-Leste	1,820	0	0
Togo	660	0	0
Tonga	4,300	0	0
Trinidad and Tobago	15,950	100	300
Tunisia	3,500	0	0
Turkmenistan	6,740	0	0
Turks and Caicos Islands	26,740	100	300
Tuvalu	5,430	0	0
Uganda	620	0	0
Ukraine	2,660 d	0	0
United Arab Emirates	40,880	100	300
United States of America	63,080	100	300
Uruguay	15,650	100	300
Uzbekistan	2,020	0	0
Vanuatu	3,130	0	0
Venezuela	.. i	100	300
Vietnam	2,360	0	0
Yemen, Rep.	.. k	0	0
Zambia	1,430	0	0
Zimbabwe	1,790	0	0

Footnotes:

- a. Data are for the area controlled by the government of Cyprus.
- b. Based on regression; other PPP figures are extrapolated from the 2011 International Comparison Program benchmark estimates.
- c. Based on data officially reported by the National Statistics and Censuses Institute of Argentina. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) has called on Argentina to adopt measures to address the quality of official GDP and consumer price index data, and issued an updated statement on Argentina's progress on August 31, 2016: <http://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2016/08/31/PR16389-Statement-by-the-IMF-Executive-Board-on-Argentina>. The World Bank systematically assesses the appropriateness of official exchange rates as conversion factors. For Argentina, an alternative conversion factor has been calculated using a weighted average method for the period from 2012 to 2015.
- d. Based on data from official statistics of Ukraine and Russian Federation; by relying on these data, the World Bank does not intend to make any judgment on the legal or other status of the territories concerned or to prejudice the final determination of the parties' claims.
- e. Excludes Abkhazia and South Ossetia.
- f. Includes Former Spanish Sahara.
- g. Excludes Transnistria.
- h. Covers mainland Tanzania only.
- i. Estimated to be upper middle income (\$3,996 to \$12,375).
- j. Estimated to be high income (\$12,376 or more).
- k. Estimated to be low income (\$1,025 or less).
- l. Estimated to be lower middle income (\$1,026 to \$3,995).

SPECIAL IODC FEE STRUCTURE

Applicable from 01 Jan 2019 until today

(agreed at 62nd EUMETSAT Council meeting on 26-27 June 2007, amended by Resolution EUM/C/67/09/Res. V, Resolution EUM/C/70/10/Res. III and by Resolution EUM/C/77/12/Res. II and reviewed by the adoption of the documents EUM/C/85/16/DOC/03 and EUM/C/89/18/Res. II)

The original concepts of the Special IODC Fee Structure for access to the EUMETSAT IODC services outside cooperation agreements signed with international partners, are as follows:

- 1** Access to all “Essential data” is provided without restriction;
- 2** The NMSs of countries below the threshold established in the EUMETSAT Data Policy shall have access to all data of the EUMETSAT IODC service without charge;
- 3** The NMSs of countries above the threshold (“wealthy countries”) shall pay a yearly fee of EUR 300,000. This fee would cover access to any EUMETSAT data more frequent than Hourly data and with a latency of less than 3 hours. No reductions shall apply for less frequent data.
- 4** Free access shall be provided temporarily to monitor disasters or emergencies, as foreseen in the general EUMETSAT Data Policy;
- 5** As an exception to the general Policy, wealthy countries subject to tropical cyclones shall not be automatically entitled to a free licence. Any permanent waiver of licence fees would be considered exceptional and subject to Council decision on a case by case basis.
- 6** The Rules on commercial use shall remain unchanged;
- 7** The special IODC fee structure applies since 1 January 2017 and is subject to any decision taken by Member States in relation to EUMETSAT’s continued contribution to the IODC services.

It is understood that the fee level referred to in point 3) above shall continue to be applicable to any wealthy non-Member State wishing to receive Meteosat Second Generation IODC data, regardless of its geographical location. Those wealthy non-Member States wishing to receive all data from all EUMETSAT missions shall pay the IODC fee of EUR 300,000, or shall decide to receive data from other EUMETSAT missions for Official Duty use at the standard fee of EUR 100,000, but only essential data from the IODC service.

This fee structure is neither aimed at amending the general EUMETSAT Data Policy Principles, nor at changing the current Rules for access to Meteosat Data available from the EUMETSAT core mission.

IMPLEMENTING RULES TO THE EUMETSAT PRINCIPLES ON DATA POLICY – ACCESS TO METEOSAT DCP CHANNELS

Applicable from 06 Jul 2012 until today

(originally adopted in Annex I of Resolutions EUM/C/98/Res. XI and EUM/C/00/Res. IV, and amended by Resolutions EUM/C/70/10/Res. V, EUM/C/72/11/Res. IX and EUM/C/76/12/Res. VI)

1. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply in addition to the relevant definitions contained in Annex I of Resolution EUM/C/98/Res. IV:

“Meteosat DCP”: Data Collection Platform for the use of Meteosat DCP Channels.

“Meteosat DCP Channels”: Dedicated Meteosat Channels of communication operating at a radio frequency reserved for meteorological data collection.

2. OWNERSHIP AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

1. EUMETSAT holds the full ownership and utilisation rights to the Meteosat DCP Channels and has full control over access to these Channels.
2. Ownership and Intellectual Property Rights to the data transmitted by the Meteosat DCP Channels are deemed to remain with the originator of the data.

3. ACCESS TO METEOSAT DCP CHANNELS

1. Meteosat DCP Channels are available at no cost to NMSs of Member States for their Official Duty use, provided their messages are also made available through the Global Telecommunication System and discoverable in the WMO Information System (WIS).
2. Meteosat DCP Channels are also available at no cost for meteorological, geophysical and hydrological messages by NMSs of non-Member States, WMO and ECMWF provided they are also made available through the Global Telecommunications System (GTS) and discoverable in the WMO Information System (WIS).

4. FINANCIAL MATTERS

EUMETSAT shall not be liable for the cost of the technical equipment of any user necessary to have access to the DCP Channels.

IMPLEMENTING RULES FOR SAF DELIVERABLES

Applicable from 27 Nov 1998 until today

(as adopted in Resolution EUM/C/97/Res. I at the 33rd meeting of the EUMETSAT Council on 19 - 20 March 1997 and amended by EUM/C/98/Res. X adopted at the 40th meeting of the EUMETSAT Council on 25-27 November 1998)

The EUMETSAT Council,

RECALLING the EUMETSAT Data Policy as defined by the EUMETSAT Council in Resolution EUM/C/Res.VII as amended by Resolutions EUM/C/Res.XXI and XXVI,

RECALLING the Policy for EUMETSAT Ground Systems and the Implementation of the MTP Ground System as defined by the EUMETSAT Council in Resolution EUM/C/92/Res.V,

RECALLING the Conditions of Access to Real Time EUMETSAT HRI Data Within and Outside the EUMETSAT Member States, as defined by the EUMETSAT Council in Resolution EUM/C/96/Res.IV,

NOTING the Cooperation Agreement for the SAF on "Support to Nowcasting and Very Short Range Forecasting" as agreed by Council at its 32nd meeting (on 3 - 5 December 1996),

WISHING to apply EUMETSAT's Data Policy principles also to the SAF deliverables,

AGREE:

- I** That all data, products and software deliverables under a SAF Cooperation Agreement, together with all related intellectual property rights, shall be owned by EUMETSAT and be subject to the relevant EUMETSAT Policies agreed by the EUMETSAT Council.
- II** That all data, products and software deliverables developed for distribution to users shall be available to all National Meteorological Services of EUMETSAT's Member States free of charge.
- III** That distribution to other users, of data, products and software deliverables developed for distribution shall be subject to the conditions of the relevant EUMETSAT policies agreed by the EUMETSAT Council. Due recognition shall be given to the respective roles of the SAF Host, the Cooperating Entities and EUMETSAT in the establishment of data, products and software distributed to users under EUMETSAT policy.
- IV** That certain pre-existing data, products and software owned by the SAF Host and/or the Cooperating Entities may be utilised in fulfilling the SAF Agreement. In such cases, the data, products and software will be listed in an annex to the Agreement. Ownership of such data, products and software shall not be transferred by virtue of the Agreement.

- V** That EUMETSAT shall have a free-of-charge, irrevocable, non-exclusive right to use, modify and copy such pre-existing data, products and software for its own purposes. Should such data, products or software be required to operate a software deliverable developed under the Agreement for distribution to users, EUMETSAT shall have the right to grant sub-licences to use such data, products and software in all its Member States. Such sub-licences shall be granted free of charge to all National Meteorological Services of EUMETSAT's Member States for their Official Duty use.

IMPLEMENTING RULES FOR OPERATIONAL SAF DELIVERABLES

Applicable from 01 Mar 2022 until today

(On the basis of the Data Policy for SAF Deliverables (see previous page), the EUMETSAT Council, at its 54th meeting in November 2003 approved the data policy for operational SAF deliverables. These are specified in the EUMETSAT website at www.eumetsat.int and in the websites of the individual SAFs generating the various operational SAF deliverables. The links to these websites are provided in the EUMETSAT website.)

1 THE EUMETSAT SATELLITE APPLICATION FACILITIES (SAFs)

The SAFs are dedicated centres of excellence for processing satellite data and form an integral part of the distributed EUMETSAT Application Ground Segment. Each SAF consists of a consortium, headed by a SAF Host and a number of Cooperating Entities. The SAFs use data from meteorological satellites both in geostationary and polar orbit to generate near real-time products, offline products, and software products.

There are eight SAFs providing products and software for distribution to users on an operational basis:

- Nowcasting and Very Short Range Forecasting (NWC SAF)
- Ocean and Sea Ice (OSI SAF)
- Climate Monitoring (CM SAF)
- Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP SAF)
- Land Surface Analysis (LSA SAF)
- Atmospheric Composition Monitoring (AC SAF)
- Radio-Occultation Meteorology (ROM SAF)
- Support to Operational Hydrology and Water Management (H SAF)

2 OWNERSHIP AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

EUMETSAT holds the full ownership and Intellectual Property Rights to those operational SAF deliverables that are generated by the above SAFs under cooperation with EUMETSAT and as specified in the EUMETSAT website. The ownership of pre-existing software and third party software, re-used in each of the SAF software packages, remains with the originator of this software.

3 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO THE SAF DELIVERABLES

3.1 ESSENTIAL SAF PRODUCTS

The SAF products are “essential” in accordance with the WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII). This means that access to these SAF products is granted to all users without a licence, without charge¹ and without conditions on use.

These include near-real-time level 2 products generated by the OSI SAF, AC SAF, ROM SAF and by the LSA SAF.

For a complete list of the SAF near real-time products, please turn to the EUMETSAT website at www.eumetsat.int.

3.2 SAF SOFTWARE

These include software packages created by the NWC SAF, NWP SAF, OSI SAF and by the ROM SAF.

Access to these SAF software packages is granted to all users without charge, and against the signature of a licence agreement. They may not be redistributed. The SAF Host generating a SAF software will licence the use of the relevant software package on behalf of EUMETSAT.

For a complete list of the SAF software packages and the relevant SAF Host licensing the respective software package, please turn to the EUMETSAT website at www.eumetsat.int.

3.3 FINANCIAL MATTERS

EUMETSAT is not responsible for the cost of procuring the necessary receiving equipment of any user.

¹“Without Charge” means that these SAF products are available at no more than the cost of reproduction and delivery (including the cost of distribution, media, documentation, software licences, transmission, direct labour cost of any decryption key units), but without charge for the products themselves.

IMPLEMENTING RULES FOR METOP DATA AND PRODUCTS

Applicable from 01 Jan 2019 until today

(The EUMETSAT Council, at its 55th meeting in June 2004, its 58th meeting in December 2005 and its 59th meeting in July 2006 and by the adoption of the Resolutions EUM/C/85/16/Res. II and EUM/C/89/18/Res. II approved the data policy for Metop data and products which are specified in the EUMETSAT website at www.eumetsat.int.)

1 THE EUMETSAT POLAR SYSTEM (EPS)

The EPS system consists of a series of Metop satellites comprising instruments of EUMETSAT and the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).

The EUMETSAT instruments include the Microwave Humidity Sounder (MHS), Infrared Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer (IASI), Advanced Scatterometer (ASCAT), Global Ozone Monitoring Experiment-2 (GOME-2) and the Global Navigation Satellite System Receiver for Atmospheric Sounding (GRAS).

The NOAA meteorological instruments include the Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer (AVHRR), Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit-A (AMSU-A) and the High Resolution Infrared Radiation Sounder (HIRS).

In accordance with the Agreement between EUMETSAT and NOAA on the Initial Joint Polar System (IJPS), EUMETSAT is entitled to establish access conditions for all data from the Metop satellites. However, EUMETSAT will not control access to the data from the NOAA instruments on the Metop satellites, unless in cases of data denial, as requested by NOAA (see below).

2 OWNERSHIP AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

EUMETSAT holds the full ownership and Intellectual Property Rights to those Metop data and products that are generated by the above EUMETSAT instruments and the EUMETSAT Ground Segment.

3 CONDITIONS OF ACCESS TO METOP DATA AND PRODUCTS

3.1 Essential Metop Data and Products

All Metop data and products that are described below are “essential” in accordance with the WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII). This means that access to these data and products is granted to all users without licence, without charge and without conditions on use regardless of when and how these are made available to the user.

3.1.1 Real-time Metop Data (Direct Readout service)

- *Advanced High Rate Picture Transmission (AHRPT) Data*

The AHRPT service includes all local raw data generated by all instruments on-board Metop, transmitted by a Metop satellite in full resolution and in real-time.

3.1.2 Near Real-time Global and Regional Products

- *Global and Regional Level 1 Products*

These include all global and regional level 1 MHS products, generated by the Core Ground Segment.

- *Global and Regional Level 2 Products*

These include global and regional level 2 products generated by the Core Ground Segment and/or the EUMETSAT Satellite Application Facilities (SAFs) and distributed in near real-time.

For a complete list of the near real-time global and regional level 1 and level 2 Metop products, please turn to the EUMETSAT website.

3.2 Non-Essential Metop Data and Products

Non-Essential Metop Data and Products include all global and regional level 1 products of the IASI, ASCAT, GRAS and GOME-2 instruments that are generated by the Core Ground Segment.

Access to the above products is granted to all users without charge, and against the signature of a licence agreement¹. They may not be redistributed without transformation.

3.3 Metop Archive

All Metop data and products stored in the EUMETSAT Archive and off-line products generated by the EUMETSAT Satellite Application Facilities (SAFs) are distributed on request via the associated operational service.

For the complete list of the Archived Metop Data and Products users have to turn to the EUMETSAT EO Portal and the EUMETSAT Product Navigator on the website.

¹ Except for a subset, agreed by the EUMETSAT Council, for distribution via the Global Telecommunications System (GTS) of the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) as “essential” products.

4 DATA DENIAL

Data denial means that in case of a crisis or war situation, EUMETSAT may be requested by NOAA to deny access to direct-readout NOAA instrument data or global/regional products derived from the US instruments on the Metop satellites.

In these situations, only authorised users will continue to receive these data. During data denial, re-distribution by authorised users of data from NOAA instruments to any unauthorised third party is prohibited. In principle, data denial will not be implemented for more than 120 days, unless explicitly extended.

5 FINANCIAL MATTERS

EUMETSAT shall not be liable for the cost of procuring the necessary receiving equipment of any user. Decryption key units may be provided by EUMETSAT without costs. Users may be required to reimburse EUMETSAT for the cost of providing them with more than one of the decryption key units that may be required, at the discretion of the Director-General. The number of decryption key units may be limited to avoid an unmanageable load and a consequential degraded level of service.

IMPLEMENTING RULES FOR JASON-2, JASON 3 AND JASON-CS

Applicable from 01 Jan 2019 until today

1 EUMETSAT JASON-2 ALTIMETRY OPTIONAL PROGRAMME

(Adopted by Potential Participating States on 4-5 December 2001 in Council Declaration EUM/C/01/Decl. I and entered into force on 27 June 2003)

1.1. Conditions of Access to Jason-2 Data and Products

Essential Jason-2 Data and Products

The Jason mission will provide “essential” data in support of marine meteorology, operational seasonal forecasting, operational oceanographic services and the operational monitoring of climate. All OSTM data and products are “essential” in accordance with the WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII). This means that access to these data and products is granted to all users without a licence, without charge and without conditions on use.

2 THE OPTIONAL EUMETSAT JASON-3 ALTIMETRY PROGRAMME

(Adopted by the Potential Participating States on 1 July 2009 in Council Declaration EUM/C/67/09/Dcl. I and entered into force on 1 February 2010)

2.1. Conditions of Access to Jason-3 Data and Products

Essential Jason-3 Data and Products

The same Data Policy as for the Jason-2 mission will apply. This means that all Jason-3 data and products will be made available in accordance with WMO Resolution 40 (Cg-XII) and be classified as “essential”.

3 OPTIONAL EUMETSAT JASON-CS PROGRAMME

(Adopted by the Potential Participating States on 26 November 2014 in Council Declaration EUM/C/82/14/Dcl. I, replaced on 23-24 June 2015 by Council Declaration EUM/C/83/15/Dcl. I and entered into force on 9 September 2015)

The Sentinel-6/Jason-CS data and products are made available to all users on a full, free, open and unrestricted basis.